FAT•N **ELC-AN04ANNN**



Instruction Sheet

Analog to Digital Converter Module

WARNING

This Instruction Sheet only provides descriptions for electrical specifications, general specifications, installation & wiring, troubleshooting and peripherals. For more information about the optional peripherals, please see ELC Application Manual.

This is an OPEN TYPE Controller. The ELC should be kept in an enclosure away from Also, it is equipped with protective methods such as some special tools or keys to open the enclosure, so as to avoid the hazard to users and the damage to the ELC. Do NOT touch terminals when power on.

Never connect the AC main circuit power supply to any of the input/output terminals, as it will damage the ELC. Check all the wiring prior to power up. To avoid any electromagnetic noise, make sure the ELC is properly grounded .

Power, input and output (I/O) wiring must be in accordance with Class 1, Div. 2 wiring methods - Article 501-10(B)(1) of the National Electrical Code.

Suitable for use in Class 1, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D or Non-Hazardous locations only.

Warning - Explosion hazard - Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class 1, Division 2.

Warning - Explosion Hazard - Do not disconnect equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be Non-Hazardous.

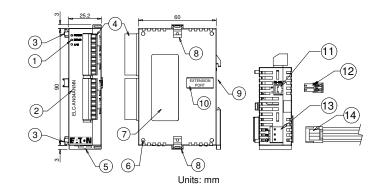
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INTRODUCTION

1.1 Model Explanation and Peripherals

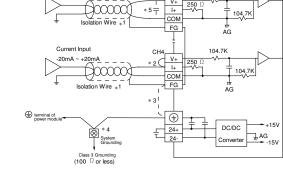
Thank you for choosing Eaton Logic Controller (ELC) series products. The analog input module receives external 4-point analog signal input (voltage or current) and transforms it into 14 bits digital signal. The analog input module of ELC-AN04ANNN can read/write the data of analog input module by using commands FROM / TO via ELC program. There are 49 CR (Control Register) in each module and there are 16 bits in each register.

1.2 Product Profile and Outline



1. Status indicator (Power, RUN and ERROR)	2. Model Name
Extension unit clip	Input/output terminal
5. DIN rail clip	Mounting hole of the extension unit
7. Nameplate	8. Extension unit clip
9. DIN rail (35mm)	10. Extension port
11. RS-485 Communication port	12. 2 pin removable terminal (standard accessory)
13. DC power input	14. Power input cable (standard accessory)

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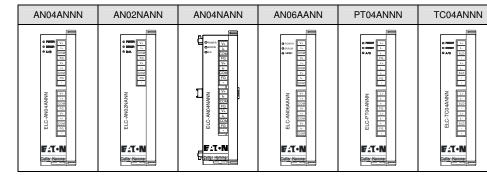


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1.3 External wiring

Warning: DO NOT wire to the No function terminal. Use Copper Conductor Only, 60/75 °C.

1.4 Terminal of analog module layout



STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 Function Specifications

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FOUR CH. A/D MODULE	VOLTAGE INPUT	CURRENT INPUT				
Power supply voltage	24 VDC(20.4VDC~28.8VDC) (-15%~+	20%)				
Analog input channel	4 channel / each module					
Analog input range	±10V	±20 mA				
Digital conversion range	±8,000	±4,000				
Resolution	14 bits(1 _{LSB} =1.25 mV)	13 bits (1 _{LSB} =5 μ A)				
Input impedance	200 K Ω and above	250Ω				
	±0.5% of full scale at 25°C (77°F)	·				
Overall accuracy	±1% of full scale during 0~55℃ (32~13	31°F)				
Response time	3 ms × channels					
Isolation method	It has isolation between digital area and	d analog area. There is no isolation				
Isolation method	among channels.					
	Field to Digital Area: 500V					
Isolation	Field to Analog Area: 500V					
Isolation	Analog area to Digital Area: 500V					
	Field to 24VDC: 500V					
Absolute input range	±15 V	±32 mA				
Digital data format	2's complementary of 16-bit, 13 Signific	cant Bits				
Average function	Yes (CR#2~CR#5 can be set and setting	ng range is K1~K100)				
Self diagnose function	Upper and lower bound detection / cha	nnels				
	MODBUS ASCII/RTU Mode. Communication baud rate of 4,800 / 9,600 /					
	19,200 / 38,400 / 57,600 / 115,200 bps. For ASCII mode, date format is					
Communication mode (RS-485)	7Bits, even, 1 stop bit (7,E,1). For RTU mode, date format is 8Bits, even, 1					
	stop bit (8,E,1). The RS-485 is disabled when the ELC-AN04ANNN is					
	connected in series to an ELC.					
	The input point of the first analog exten					
Connect to ELC in series	the distant is from 0 to 7. The Max. is 8	modules and it won't waste digital				
	I/O point.					
Max. rated consuming power	24 VDC(20.4VDC~28.8VDC) (-15%~	24 VDC(20.4VDC~28.8VDC) (-15% ~+20%), 2W, supply from external				
	power					
	ESD(IEC 61131-2, IEC 61000-4-2): 8KV Air Discharge					
Noise Immunity	EFT(IEC 61131-2, IEC 61000-4-4): Power Line: 2KV, Digital I/O: 1KV,					
	Analog & Communication I/O: 1KV					
	RS(IEC 61131-2, IEC 61000-4-3): 26MHz~1GHz, 10V/m					

Note 1: Please isolate analog input and other power wiring.

Note 2: If connect to current signal, please short circuit between V+ and I+ terminals

Note 3: If noise is too loud, please connect FG to grounding.

Note 4: Please connect 🕀 terminal of power module and terminal of analog input module to system earth point and make system earth point be grounding or connects to machine

cover. Note 5: If wave of input terminal of loaded is too big that noise interferes wiring, please connect capacitance with 0.1~0.47uf 25V.

Grounding Vibration/Shock Immunity

Operation/Storage Environme

Agency Approvals

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ELC-AN04ANNN					EXPLANATION						
CR				Register name	b15 b14 b13 b12 b11 b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0						
-	address			0	System used, data length is 8bits (b7~b0).						
#0	H 4000	0	R	Model type	ELC-AN04ANNN model code =H 88						
#1				Input mode setting	Reserved CH4 CH3 CH2 CH1 Input mode setting: factory setting is H0000. Mode 0: input voltage mode (-10V~+10V). Mode 0: input voltage mode (-6V~+10V). Mode 1: input voltage mode (-6V~+10V). Mode 2: input current mode (-12mA~+20mA) Mode 3: input current mode(-20mA~+20mA) Mode 4: Reserved.						
#2	H 4002	_		CH1 average number	Average numbers setting of shannel CILL CILL Cating range is K1 K100						
#3 #4	H 4003 H 4004		R/W R/W	CH2 average number CH3 average number	Average numbers setting of channel CH1~CH4. Setting range is K1~K100 and factory setting is K10.						
#5	H 4005		R/W	CH4 average number							
#6	H 4006	х	R	Average value of CH1 input signal							
#7	H 4007	х	R	Average value of CH2 input signal	Display average value of CH1. CH4 input sizes						
#8	H 4008	х	R	Average value of CH3 input signal	Display average value of CH1~CH4 input signal						
#9	H 4009	х	R	Average value of CH4 input signal							
#10	~ #11				Reserved						
#12	H 400C	х	R	Present value of CH1 input signal	Display present value of CH1~CH4 input signal						
#14	H 400E	х	R	Present value of CH3 input signal	Display present value of CH1~CH4 input signal						
	H 400F	х	R	Present value of CH4 input signal	propries prosone value of orm of minipul signal						
	~ #17	-		Reserved							
#18	H 4012	0	R/W	To adjust OFFSET value of CH1	4						
#19	H 4013	0	R/W	To adjust OFFSET value of CH2	Offset setting of CH1~CH4. Factory setting is K0 and unit is LSB. Voltage input: setting range is K-4,000 ~K4,000						
#20	H 4014	0	R/W	To adjust OFFSET value of CH3	Current input: setting range is K-4,000 ~K4,000						
#21	H 4015	0	R/W	To adjust OFFSET value of CH4							
#22	~ #23			Reserved							
	H 4018		R/W	To adjust GAIN value of CH1	GAIN setting of CH1~CH4. Factory setting is K4,000 and unit is LSB.						
	H 4019 H 401A		R/W R/W	To adjust GAIN value of CH2 To adjust GAIN value of CH3	Voltage input: setting range is K-3,200 ~K16,000.						
	H 401A		R/W	To adjust GAIN value of CH4	Current input: setting range is K-3,200 ~K10,400.						
	~ #29			Reserved	······						
	H 401E	х	R	Error status	It is the data register to save all error status. Please refer to fault code chart for detail.						
#31	H 401F	0	R/W	Communication address	Setting RS-485 communication address. Setting range is 01~255 and						
	-	Ĺ		setting	factory setting is K1						
					It is used to set communication baud rate (4,800, 9,600, 19,200, 38,400,						
					57,600, 115,200bps). Communication format: ASCII mode is 7Bit, even bit,						
					stop bit (7,E,1). Communication format of RTU mode is 8Bit, even bit, 1 stop						
					bit (8,E,1).						
#32	H 4020	0	R/W	Communication baud rate	b0: 4,800 bps (bit/sec). b1: 9,600 bps (bit/sec). (factory setting)						
		Ĺ		setting	b2: 19,200 bps (bit/sec). b3: 38,400 bps (bit/sec).						
					b4: 57,600 bps (bit/sec). b5: 115,200 bps (bit/sec).						
					b6~b13: reserved.						
					b14: exchange low and high byte of CRC check code (only for RTU mode)						
		L			b15: ASCII / RTU mode selection						
					b15 b14 B13 b12 b11 b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0						
					Reserved CH4 CH3 CH2 CH1						
					Output latched setting, factory setting H0000						
					Give CH1 setting for example:						
				Reset to factory setting and set							
#33	H 4021	0	R/W	characteristics adjustable	CR#24). When b0=1, inhibit user to adjust OFFSET and GAIN value of						
				priority	CH1 (CR#18, CR#24).						
					 b1 means if characteristic register is latched. b1=0 (factory setting, 						
					latched), b1=1 (not latched).						
					 When b2 is set to 1, all settings will reset to factory setting. 						

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	The diameter of the grounding wire cannot be smaller than that of terminals
	24V and 0V (if numerous ELCs are used at the same time, make sure that
	each ELC is grounded respectively to the ground poles)
	International Standard Regulations: IEC61131-2, IEC 68-2-6 (TEST Fc)/
	IEC61131-2 & IEC 68-2-27 (TEST Ea)
+	Operation: 0° C ~55 $^{\circ}$ C (temperature), 50~95% (humidity), pollution degree: 2;
ent	Storage: -25°C ~70°C (temperature), 5~95% (humidity)
	UL508
	UL1604, Class1,Div2 Operating temperature code: T5
	European community EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and Low Voltage
	Directive 73/23/EEC

CR (CONTROL REGISTER)

	ELC-AN04ANNN				EXPLANATION
#34	H 4022	O R System Version			It is hexadecimal to display software version. For example: H 010A means 1.0A.
#35	5~#48			System used	

O means latched X means not latched

R means can read data by using FROM command or RS-485. W means can write data by using TO command or RS-485. LSB (Least Significant Bit): 1. Voltage input: 1_{LSB}=10V/8,000=1.25mV. 2. Current input: 1_{LSB}=20mA/4,000=5µA.

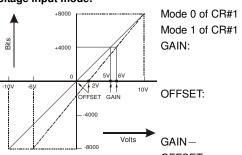
Explanation:

- 1. CR#1: CR#1 is used to set 4 inner channels working mode of analog input module. Every channel has four modes to set and can be set individually. For example: if setting CH1 to mode 0 (b2~b0=000), CH2 to mode 1(b5~b3=001), CH3: mode2 (b8~b6=010), CH4: mode 3(b11~b9=011). It needs to set CR#1 to H0688 and the upper bit (b12~b15) will reserved. The factory setting of CR#1 is H0000.
- 2. CR#2 ~ CR#5: it is used to set average times of CH1~CH4. Setting range is K1~K100 and factory setting is K10.
- 3. CR#6 to CR#9 are the average value that calculates according to the value that is set in CR#2~CR#5 (average time of CH1~CH4 input signal). For example, if CR#2 (the average times of CH1) is 10, it will calculate the average of CH1 input signal every 10 times.
- 4. CR#12 ~ CR#15: display present value of CH1~CH4 input signal.
- 5. CR #18~ CR #21: the content is the value of adjusting OFFSET value of CH1~CH4 if analog input voltage or current is 0 after it transfers from analog to digital. Voltage setting range: -5V~+5V(-4,000_{LSB}~+4,000_{LSB}). Current setting range: -20mA~+20mA (-4,000_{LSB}~+4,000_{LSB}).
- 6. CR #24~ CR #27: means analog input voltage or current when conversion value from analog signal to digital is 4000. Voltage setting range: -4V~+20V(-3,200_{LSB}~+16,000_{LSB}). Current setting range: -16mA~+52mA(-3,200_{LSB} ~+10,400_{LSB}). But it needs to notice that GAIN VALUE -OFFSET VALUE = $+800_{LSB} \sim +12,000_{LSB}$ (voltage) or $+800_{LSB} \sim +6,400_{LSB}$ (current). When this value under this range, the resolution of the input signal will be thin and the variation of value will be larger. When this value exceeds this range, the resolution of input signal will be thick and the variation of value will be smaller.

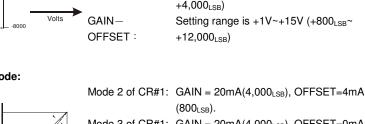
7. CR#30 is fault code. Please refer to the following chart.

Fault description	Content	b15~b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
Power source abnormal	K1(H1)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Analog input value error	K2(H2)		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Setting mode error	K4(H4)		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Offset/Gain error	K8(H8)	Reserved	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Hardware malfunction	K16(H10)	Reserved	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Digital range error	K32(H20)		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Average times setting error	K64(H40)		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Command error	K128(H80)		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Note: Each fault code will ha 0 means normal and 1	•	. .	~b7). T	wo or n	nore fai	ults ma	y happe	en at th	e same	time.

- 8. CR#31: it is used to set RS-485 communication address. Setting range is 01~255 and factory setting is K1.
- 9. CR#32 is used to set RS-485 communication baud rate: 4,800, 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600, 115,200 bps. b0: 4,800bps. b1: 9,600bps. (factory setting) b2: 19,200bps. b3: 38,400 bps. b4: 57,600 bps. b5: 115,200 bps. b6~b13: reserved. b14: exchange low and high byte of CRC check code. (only for RTU mode) b15=0: ASCII mode. b15=1: RTU mode. Communication format: ASCII mode is 7Bit, even bit, 1 stop bit (7,E,1). Communication format of RTU mode is 8Bit, even bit, 1 stop bit (8,E,1).
- 10. CR#33 is used to set the inner function priority. For example: characteristic register. Output latched function will save output setting in the inner memory before power loss.
- 11.CR#35~ CR#48: system used.
- 12. The corresponding parameters address H4000~H4022 of CR#0~CR#34 can provide user to read/write data by RS-485.
 - a) Communication baud rate: 4,800, 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600, 115.200 bps.
 - b) Communication format: ASCII mode is 7Bit, even bit, 1 stop bit (7,E,1). Communication format of RTU mode is 8Bit, even bit, 1 stop bit (8,E,1).
 - c) Function code: 03H—read data from register. 06H—write a WORD into register. 10H—write many WORDs into register.



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Voltage input value when digital output is 4000. Setting range is -4V~+20V(-3,200_{LSB}~ +16.000 sp) Voltage input value when digital output is 0. Setting range: -5V~+5V(-4,000_{LSB} ~ +4,000_{LSB}) Setting range is +1V~+15V (+800LSB~

GAIN=5V(4,000_{LSB}), OFFSET=0V (0_{LSB})

GAIN=6V(4,800_{LSB}), OFFSET=2V (1,600_{LSB})

Current input mode:		
	Mode 2 of CR#1:	GAIN
+4000		(800 _{Ls}
1 I 📈	Mode 3 of CR#1:	GAIN
Bits		(0 _{LSB})
	GAIN:	Curre
-20mA -12mA 0		+4000
OFFSET GAIN	¢	(-3,20
	OFFSET:	Curre
		value
Current		(-4,00

LSB) $N = 20mA(4,000_{LSB}), OFFSET=0mA$ ent input value when digital output is 00. Setting range is-16 mA ~+52 mA $00_{LSB} \sim +10,400_{LSB}$ ent input value when digital output e is 0. Setting range is-20 mA~+20 mA $(-4,000_{LSB} \sim +4,000_{LSB})$ GAIN-OFFSET: Setting range is +4mA ~ +32mA (800LSB~ +6,400_{LSB})

The chart above is to adjust A/D conversion characteristic curve of voltage input mode and current input mode. Users can adjust conversion characteristic curve by changing OFFSET values (CR#18~CR#21) and GAIN values (CR#24~CR#27) depend on application.

LSB(Least Significant Bit): 1. voltage input: 1LSB=10V/8.000=1.25mV.

2. current input: 1_{LSB}=20mA/4,000=5µA.

4.2 Program Example for Adjusting A/D Conversion Characteristics Curve

Setting OFFSET value of CH1 to 0V(=K0_{LSB}) and GAIN value of CH1 to 2.5V(=K2,000_{LSB}).

- K1 то K0 K1 H0 — I F K1 то K0 K33 H0 K1 ┥╋ŀ то K0 K18 K0 K1 K0 ТО K24 K2000
- 1. Writing H0 to CR#1 of analog input module no. 0 and set CH1 to mode 0 (voltage input -10V~+10V)
- 2. Writing H1 to CR#33 and allow to adjust characters of CH1.
- 3. When X0 switches from Off to On, K0_{LSB} of OFFSET value will be wrote in CR#18 and K2,000_{LSB} of GAIN value will be wrote in CR#24

INSTALLATION & WIRING

1. Installation of the DIN rail

The ELC can be secured to a cabinet by using the DIN rail that is 35mm high with a depth of 7.5mm. When mounting the ELC on the DIN rail, be sure to use the end bracket to stop any side-to-side motion of the ELC, thus to reduce the chance of the wires being pulled loose. At the bottom of the ELC is a small retaining clip. To secure the ELC to the DIN rail, place it onto the rail and gently push up the clip.

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To remove it, pull down the retaining clip and gently pull the ELC away from the DIN rail. As shown on the right:

When installing the ELC, make sure that it is installed in an enclosure with sufficient space (as shown on the right) to its surroundings so as to allow heat dissipation.

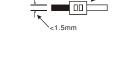
2. Wiring

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ADJUST A/D CONVERSION CHARACTERISTIC CURVE

4.1 Adjust A/D Conversion Characteristic Curve

Voltage input mode:



6 Lamp display:

- power supply is higher than 19.5V.
- LED should blink.
- LED should blink.
- 5. lower than lower bound.



M100	0			
M100	=	H88	3 D0	ŀ
	H88	D0	<u> </u>	

- (ELC-AN04ANNN model type).
- CH4) = mode 3.
- 3.
- 4.

6 API Mnemonic 78 D FROM P

Operands:

 $=1 \sim (49 - m_2)$)

Explanations:

API		Mnemonic		Operands	Function		Contr	ollers		
79	D	то	Ρ	(m1) (m2) (n)	Write CR to Module	PB	PC	PA	PH	

Operands:

 m_1 : Number of special module ($m_1=0\sim7$) m_2 : Number of CR (Control Register) of special module that will be written to $(\mathbf{m}_2=0~48)$ S: Data to write in CR **n**: number of words to write one time (**n**) $=1 \sim (49 - m_2)$)

Explanations:

Notes:

22-16AWG

- Please use 22-16AWG (1.5mm) wiring (either single or multiple 1. core) for I/O wiring terminals. The specification for the terminals is as shown on the left. ELC terminal screws should be tightened to 1.95 kg-cm (1.7 lb-in). Use Copper Conductor Only, 60/75 ℃.
- 2. I/O signal wires or power supply should not run through the same multi-wire cable or conduit.

INITIAL ELC START-UP

1. When power is on, POWER LED will be lit and ERROR LED will be lit for 0.5 second.

2. When it is normal that POWER LED should be lit and ERROR LED should turn off. When power supply is lower than 19.5V, ERROR LED will blink continuously till the

3. When it connected to ELC in series, RUN LED on ELC will be lit and A/D LED or D/A

After receiving the first RS-485 command during controlling by RS-485, A/D LED or D/A

After converting, ERROR LED should blink if input or output exceeds upper bound or

	FROM	K0	K0	D0	K1
1	то	K0	K1	H618	K1
	то	K0	K2	K32	K2
	FROM	K0	K6	D20	K4
	1110101	RU		020	114

END

1. Reading the data of model type from extension module K0 and distinguish if the data is H88

2. If the model type is ELC-AN04ANNN, the setting input mode is (CH1, CH3)= mode 0, (CH2,

Setting the average times of CH1 and CH2 are K32.

Reading the input signal average value of CH1~CH4 (4 data) saving in D20~D23.

RELATED INSTRUCTIONS EXPLANATION

Operands	Function	Controllers				
B B B	Read CR from Module	PB	PC	PA	PH	

m₁: Number for special module (m₁=0~7) m₂: Number of CR (Control Register) of special module $(m_2=0~48)$ that will be read **D**: Location to save read data **n**: Data words to read at one time (**n**)

ELC uses this instruction to read CR data of special modules.

ELC uses this instruction to write CR data of special modules.