## Intelligent interface modules

Frequency converter
M..FW 12.4
voltage/current-frequency
MF.W 12.4 .
frequency-voltage/current
Inputs and outputs
galvanically isolated
M..FW 12.4

INPUT 0... 10 V DC
INPUT 0 ... 20 mA
INPUT $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$

Circuit diagram


Notes galvanically isolated

spring clamp/screw terminals
$-25 \ldots+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
DIN-rail mounting to EN 60715
$90 \times 12.4 \times 65 \mathrm{~mm}$

## MF.W 12.4

INPUT 0... 1 kHz
INPUT 0 ... 10 kHz
INPUT 0... 100 kHz

spring clamp/screw terminals

|  |
| :--- | :--- |

$D C \pm 20$ \%
max. 80 mA
$10 . . .30 \mathrm{~V}$
$80 \ldots 25 \mathrm{~mA}$
approx. 1.2 k-Ohm
$0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}, 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$
max. 350 ms
2.5 kV AC

The new intefface module in narrow MIRO casing is able to be used universally. An analog voltage or current, these are applied to three inputs, and are galvanically isolated, transformed and stay as square wave voltage (frequency) on all three outputs symmetrical to disposition. The output frequencies are through a 4 -pole switch separable in relation to $1: 2,1: 4$ and $1: 8$.

The new interface module in narrow MIRO casing is able to be used universally. The frequency, that is applied on the three inputs, will be galvanically isolated, transformed and stay as an analog signal on all three outputs symmetrical to disposition.

