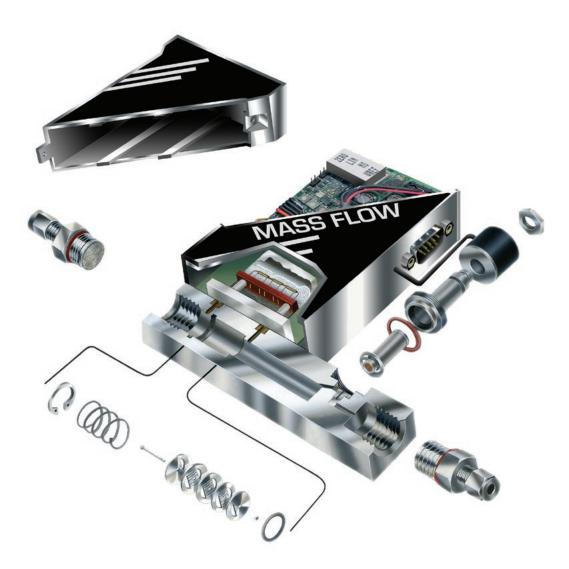


Thermal Mass Flow Meters and Controllers (Analog) Series 100/200 Precision Fluidics



ENGINEERING YOUR SUCCESS.

ENGINEERING YOUR SUCCESS.



Consistent. Repeatable. Reliable.

For over 50 years, Parker thermal mass flow meters and controllers provide accurate flow rates you can use with confidence from lab to production. Founded on the George K. Porter family legacy for engineered solutions with a personal touch, Parker Precision Fluidics continues this legacy through one-on-one engineering collaboration to ensure premium performance you can trust.



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Traditional Analog Flow Meter



Parker Series 100 Thermal Mass Flow Meters provide reliable analog flow measurements configured for your process conditions. Each meter offers a linear flow signal output proportional to a calibrated flow rate and is available with a D-connector.

The Series 100 Thermal Mass Flow Meters include the following models: 111 112 113 114

Features

- Cleaned for Analytical Service Use
- RoHS and REACH compliant 🗸



Product Specifications

Physical Properties

Typical Applications

Burner Ratio Control for

Ceramics and Metals

Sensor Technology: Thermal Sensor, Bypass Method

Media:

Air, Nitrogen, Helium, Argon, Hydrogen, Oxygen, Krypton, Neon, Xenon and other non-corrosive primary and blended gases

Width: See Dimensional Drawing

Length: See Dimensional Drawing

Height: See Dimensional Drawing

Weight: See weights provided on each **Dimensions** page

Mounting Orientation: Attitude sensitive

Portina: 1/8", 1/4", 3/8", 1/2", 3/4", 6mm and 10mm compression; 1/4", 3/8", 1/2" CPI; 1/4", 3/8", 1/2", 3/4" A-Lok; 1/4" MMGFS*

*Male Metal Gasket Face Seal

Electrical

Power Supply:

+12 (±5%) or +15 (±10%) VDC

Input Control Signal: 0-5 VDC, 0-10 VDC, 4-20 mA

Monitor Output Voltage: 0-5 VDC, 0-10 VDC, 4-20 mA

Max Current Requirement: < 400 mA

Power Supply Requirement: (Current consumption <45 mA) Voltage output models: +12 (±5%) (0-5 VDC flow signal outputs only) or +15 (±10%) VDC **Current loop models:** +15 (±5%) or +24 (±15%) VDC

Setpoint/Flow Signal I/O: 0-5, 0-10 VDC: 4-20 mA

External Electrical Connector: Nine (9)-pin D-connector

Wetted Materials

Body: 316 Stainless Steel

Sensor Assembly: 316L Stainless Steel

O-Rings and Valve Seat: Buna-N, EPDM, FFKM, Neoprene, FKM

Process Connections: 316 Stainless Steel

Performance Ratings

Ratings:

Max operating pressure: 1,500 psig (103 barg) Max working temperature: 158°F (70°C)

Pressure Coefficient: ± 0.1% / atmosphere typical using nitrogen (N2)

Minimum Pressure Drop: 2 psid (0.14 bard)

Performance Characteristics

Accuracy and Linearity:

±1% Full Scale Model 114 ±1.5% Full Scale;

Repeatability:

Within ±0.2% Full Scale at any constant temperature within operating temperature range

Response Time: 2-4 sec

Rangeability: 50:1 (2-100% Full Scale)

Temperature Coefficient: ±0.05% Full Scale / °C of zero; ±0.05% of reading / °C of span

Warm-Up Time: 10 minutes

Flow Control Range: See flow control ranges provided on each model catalog page



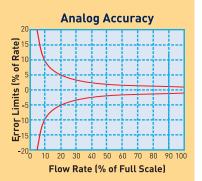


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Principle of Operation

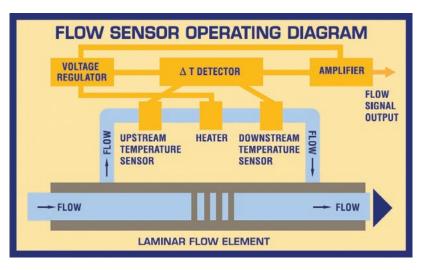
Accuracy

Parker mass flow meters and controllers offer standard ±1.0% and ±2.0% full scale accuracy of calibrated span referenced to nitrogen at 21.1°C and 14.7 PSIA. Gas correction factors may be used to determine the equivalent flow rate of your process gas or, for an additional cost, live gas calibrations at a different reference temperature and pressure are also available.



Parker Series 100 Mass Flow Meters (MFM) incorporate an operating principle based on the thermodynamic properties of the process gas being measured.

Mass flow measurement relates to the amount of heat absorbed by the process gas. The amount of heat the gas absorbs is determined by the gas molecular structure. Specific heat, the amount of heat required to raise the temperature of one gram of a given gas one degree centigrade quantitatively describes this "thermal absorbency".



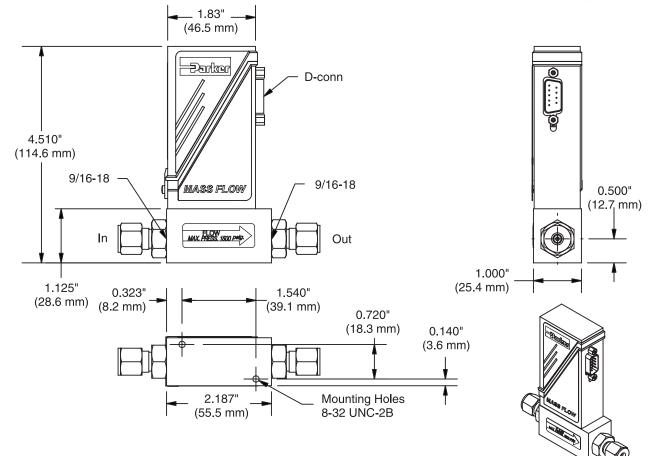
Mass flow measurement consists of a bypass sensing tube with a heater wound around the center of the sensing tube and precision resistance type temperature sensors located equidistant upstream and downstream of the heater. A laminar flow element package, located in the main flow stream, acts as an appropriate restriction creating a pressure drop forcing a fixed percentage of the total flow, approximately 10 sccm, through the bypass sensing tube for temperature differential detection. As gas flows through the sensing tube, heat is displaced to the downstream temperature sensor creating a temperature differential between the upstream and downstream temperature sensors. The upstream and downstream temperature sensors form two legs of a bridge network at the sensor assembly inputs to the PCB. The resulting temperature differential is amplified on the PCB assembly to a 0-5 VDC output signal directly proportional to the gas mass flow rate. To ensure an accurate flow measurement, flow disturbances must be eliminated or greatly reduced. Accordingly, both the sensor tube and the laminar flow element package are designed for laminar flow. Actual gas or gas factors are used in calibration to account for the specific heat of the measured gas.



Mechanical Integration Dimensions

Basic Dimensions Model 111





Model 111				
Mainht	0.9 lbs			
Weight	(0.4 kg)			

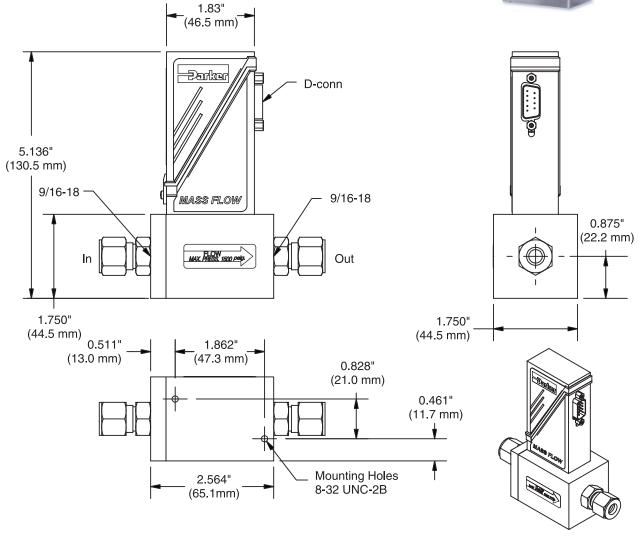
Units				
In (mm)				



Mechanical Integration Dimensions

Basic Dimensions Models 112





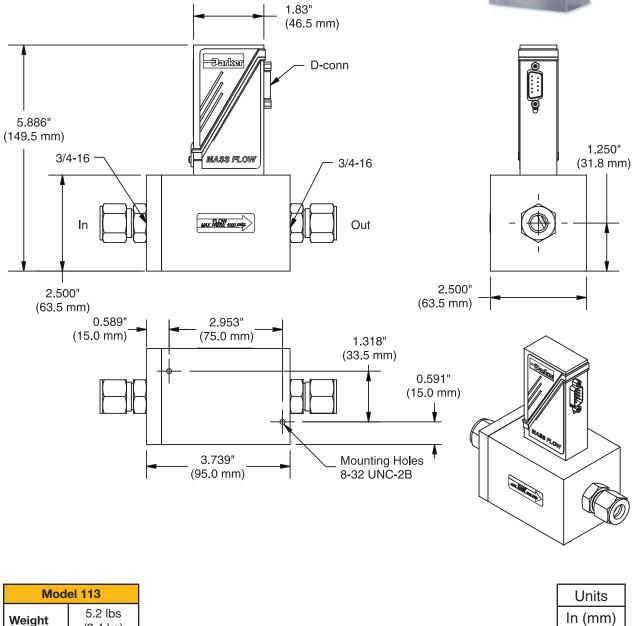
Units
In (mm)

Mod	el 112
Weight	2.1 lbs (1.0 kg)

Mechanical Integration Dimensions

Basic Dimensions Models 113





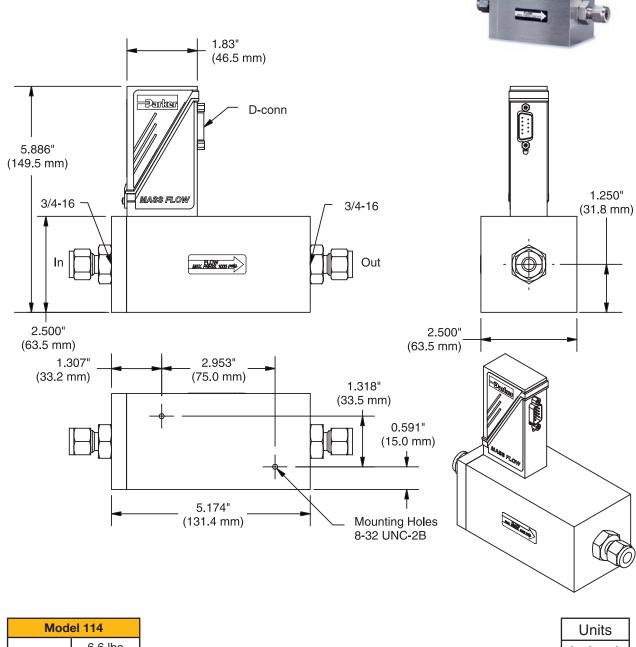
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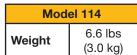


(2.4 kg)

Mechanical Integration Dimensions

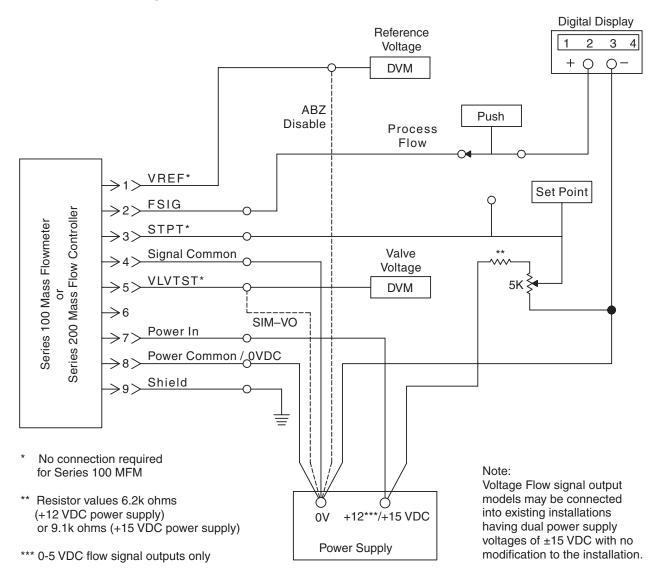








Electrical Integration and Recommendation

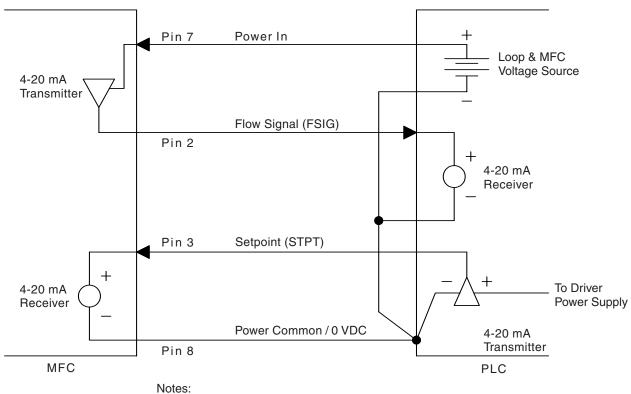


Parker-Supplied Cable Assembly Color Codes				
Signal	Connector Pin			
Signal	No.	Insulation Color		
Voltage Reference	1	Brown		
Flow Signal	2	Red		
Setpoint	3 Yellow			
Signal Common	4 Green			
Valve Test	5 Blue			
Open	6 Violet or White			
Power In	7 Orange			
Power Common /0 VDC	8 Black			
Shield (Drain Wire)	9 Shield (Drain Wire)			

Note: Cable color codes are for reference only and are subject to change without notice



Electrical Integration and Recommendation



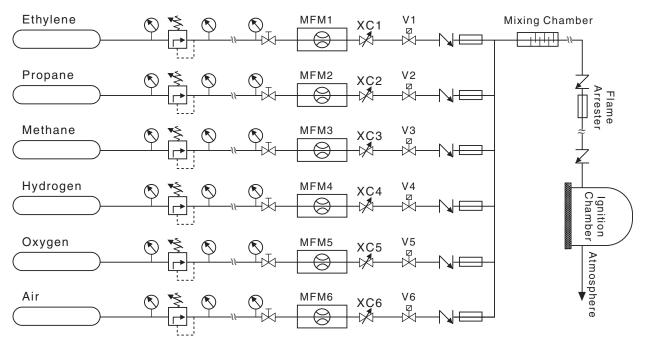
1. Setpoint: 4-20 mA

2. For input/output designations (i.e., iondividual pin functions) fo pin numbers not shown, refer to electrical integration drawing on previous page.

Parker-Supplied Cable Assembly Color Codes				
Signal	Connector Pin			
Signal	No.	Insulation Color		
Voltage Reference	1	Brown		
Flow Signal	2	Red		
Setpoint	3 Yellow			
Signal Common	4 Green			
Valve Test	5 Blue			
Open	6	Violet or White		
Power In	7 Orange			
Power Common /0 VDC	8	Black		
Shield (Drain Wire)	9	Shield (Drain Wire)		

Note: Cable color codes are for reference only and are subject to change without notice

Typical Flow Diagram





Installation Guide

- Clean dry area with adequate space
- Indoor use only
- Follow process connection manufacturer guidelines and leak check all connections
- Purge all gas lines with nitrogen before installation
- Remove all loose particulate or debris from system

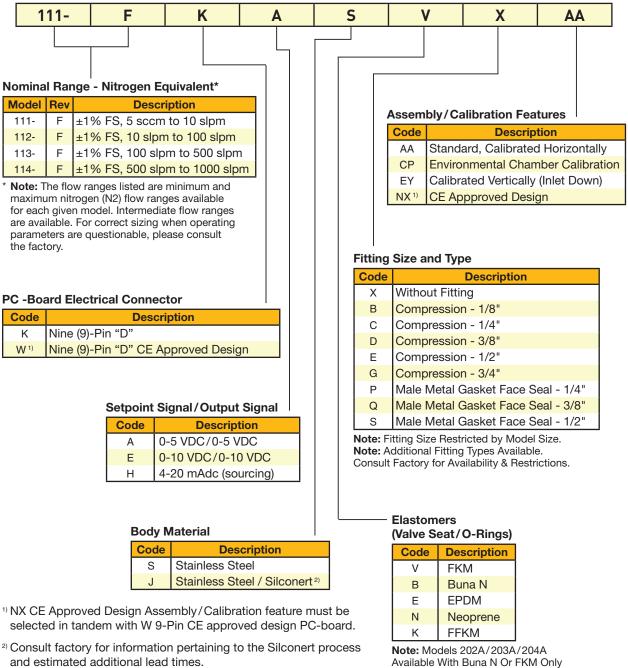
Key Things to Remember:

- Standard Flow Sizing Specifications
 - 1. Gas Type
 - 2. Flow Rate
 - 3. Inlet Pressure
 - 4. Outlet Pressure
- 5. Operating Temperature
- 6. Standard Calibration Condition*
- 7. Connection Fitting Size and Type
- 8. Set point/Output signal
- CM-400 4-channel Power Supply/Control
- Power Cables
- PN: C-700-002, Interface cable with flying leads on one end
- PN: C-1666-010, CABLE ASSY, MFC, CM-400
- * Default standard calibration conditions = 21.1C and 14.7 PSIA. Consult Applications for support to specify other common calibration standards such as: 0C, 20C, 25C.



Ordering Information

Model Number Example:



NOTE: In order to provide the best possible solution for your application, please provide the following requirements when contacting Applications Engineering:

- Media, Inlet & Outlet Pressures
- Minimum Required Flow Rate.

For more detailed information, visit us on the web or call Applications Engineering.

Parker Hannifin Precision Fluidics Division reserves the right to make changes. Drawings are for reference only.



For more information call +1 603 595 1500 or email ppfinfo@parker.com Visit www.porterinstrument.com

Traditional Analog Flow Meter



Parker Model 2211 Thermal Mass Flow Meters provide reliable analog flow measurements configured for your process conditions. Each controller offers a linear flow signal output proportional to a calibrated flow rate and is available with a D-connector. Choose Model 2211 when you need performance at an economical price.

Typical Applications

• Burner Ratio Control for Ceramics and Metals

Features

- Cleaned for Analytical Service Use
 - RoHS and REACH compliant 🔬 📗

Product Specifications

Physical Properties

Sensor Technology: Thermal Sensor, Bypass Method

Media:

Air, Nitrogen, Helium, Argon, Hydrogen, Oxygen, Krypton, Neon, Xenon and other non-corrosive primary and blended gases

Width: See Dimensional Drawing

Length: See Dimensional Drawing

Height: See Dimensional Drawing

Weight: 1.2 lbs (0.54 kg) (typical) See weights provided on each Dimensions page

Porting: 1/8", 1/4", 3/8" compression; 1/4", 3/8" CPI; 1/4", 3/8" A-Lok; 1/4" MMGFS*

*Male Metal Gasket Face Seal

Electrical

Main Voltage: 24 VDC + 10% Input Control Signal: 0-5 VDC standard

Monitor Output Voltage:

0-5 VDC standard

Max Current Requirement: < 400 mA

Setpoint/Flow Signal I/O: 0-5, 0-10 VDC; 4-20 mA

Wetted Materials

Body: Aluminum

Sensor Assembly: C36000 Brass (standard) 316 Stainless Steel (optional)

Orifice: C36000 Brass (standard) 316 Stainless Steel (optional)

Valve Components: 302, 316, 430F Stainless Steel or Sandvik 1802

O-Rings and Valve Seat: Buna-N, FKM, FFKM, Neoprene

Performance Ratings

Ratings:

Max operating pressure: 1,000 psig (69 barg) Max working temperature: 158°F (70°C)

Minimum Pressure Drop: 2 psid (0.14 bard)

Performance Characteristics

Accuracy and Linearity: ±2% Full Scale

Repeatability: Within ±0.2% Full Scale at any constant temperature within operating temperature range

Response Time: 1-2 sec

Rangeability: 50:1 (2-100% Full Scale)

Temperature Coefficient: ±0.05% Full Scale / °C of zero; ±0.05% of reading / °C of span

Warm-Up Time: 10 minutes

Flow Control Range: 0.5 sccm to 0-1000 slpm (nitrogen equivalent) 13

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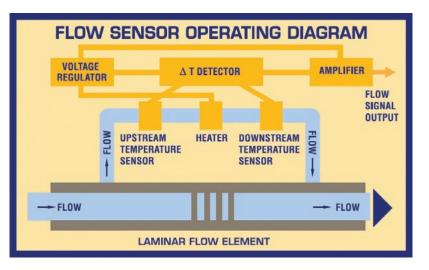
Accuracy

Parker mass flow meters and controllers offer standard ±1.0% and ±2.0% full scale accuracy of calibrated span referenced to nitrogen at 21.1°C and 14.7 PSIA. Gas correction factors may be used to determine the equivalent flow rate of your process gas or, for an additional cost, live gas calibrations at a different reference temperature and pressure are also available.

Principle of Operation

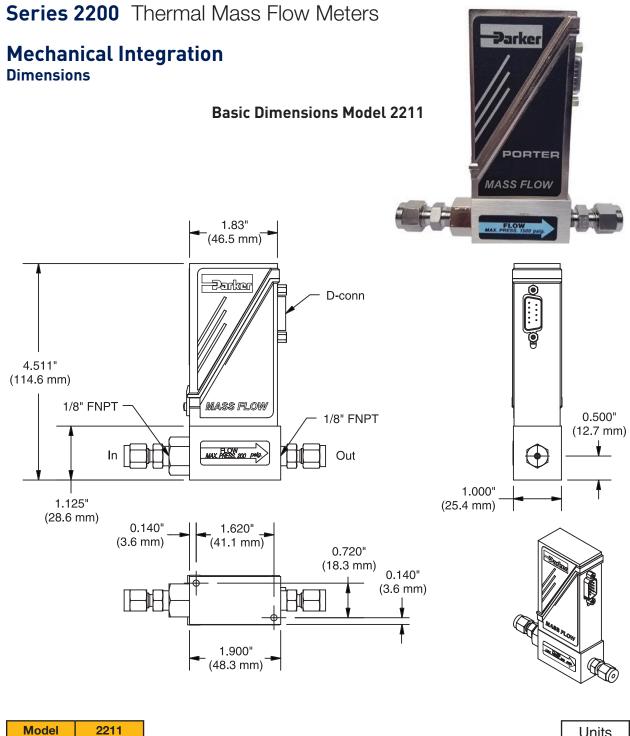
Parker Series 2200 Mass Flow Meters (MFM) incorporate an operating principle based on the thermodynamic properties of the process gas being measured.

Mass flow measurement relates to the amount of heat absorbed by the process gas. The amount of heat the gas absorbs is determined by the gas molecular structure. Specific heat, the amount of heat required to raise the temperature of one gram of a given gas one degree centigrade quantitatively describes this "thermal absorbency".



Mass flow measurement consists of a bypass sensing tube with a heater wound around the center of the sensing tube and precision resistance type temperature sensors located equidistant upstream and downstream of the heater. A laminar flow element package, located in the main flow stream, acts as an appropriate restriction creating a pressure drop forcing a fixed percentage of the total flow, approximately 10 sccm, through the bypass sensing tube for temperature differential detection. As gas flows through the sensing tube, heat is displaced to the downstream temperature sensor creating a temperature differential between the upstream and downstream temperature sensors. The upstream and downstream temperature sensors form two legs of a bridge network at the sensor assembly inputs to the PCB. The resulting temperature differential is amplified on the PCB assembly to a 0-5 VDC output signal directly proportional to the gas mass flow rate. To ensure an accurate flow measurement, flow disturbances must be eliminated or greatly reduced. Accordingly, both the sensor tube and the laminar flow element package are designed for laminar flow. Actual gas or gas factors are used in calibration to account for the specific heat of the measured gas.



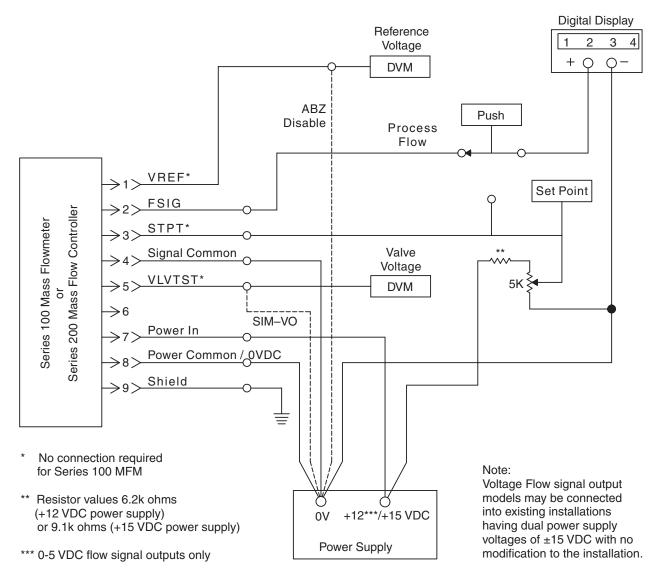


Units In (mm)

Weight	3.7 lbs (1.7 kg)	



Electrical Integration and Recommendation

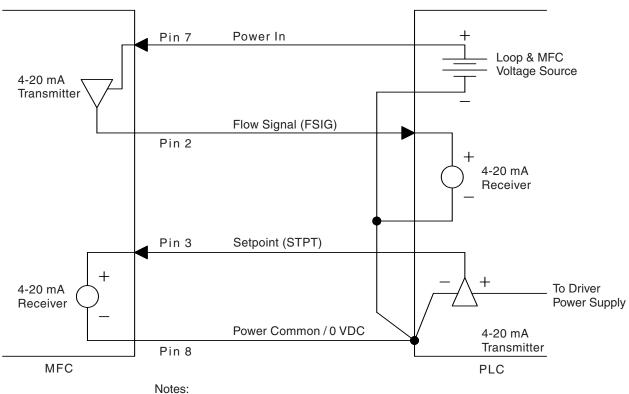


Parker-Supplied Cable Assembly Color Codes				
Signal	Connector Pin			
Signal	No.	Insulation Color		
Voltage Reference	1	Brown		
Flow Signal	2	Red		
Setpoint	3	Yellow		
Signal Common	4 Green			
Valve Test	5 Blue			
Open	6 Violet or White			
Power In	7	Orange		
Power Common /0 VDC	8	Black		
Shield (Drain Wire)	9 Shield (Drain Wire)			

Note: Cable color codes are for reference only and are subject to change without notice

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Electrical Integration and Recommendation

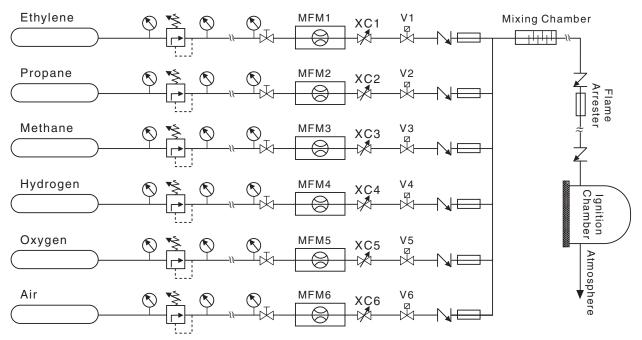


- 1. Setpoint: 4-20 mA
- For input/output designations (i.e., iondividual pin functions) fo pin numbers not shown, refer to electrical integration drawing on previous page.

Parker-Supplied Cable Assembly Color Codes				
Signal	Connector Pin			
Signal	No.	Insulation Color		
Voltage Reference	1	Brown		
Flow Signal	2	Red		
Setpoint	3 Yellow			
Signal Common	4 Green			
Valve Test	5 Blue			
Open	6 Violet or White			
Power In	7	Orange		
Power Common /0 VDC	8	Black		
Shield (Drain Wire)	9	Shield (Drain Wire)		

Note: Cable color codes are for reference only and are subject to change without notice

Typical Flow Diagram





Installation Guide

- Clean dry area with adequate space
- Indoor use only
- Follow process connection manufacturer guidelines and leak check all connections
- Purge all gas lines with nitrogen before installation
- Remove all loose particulate or debris from system

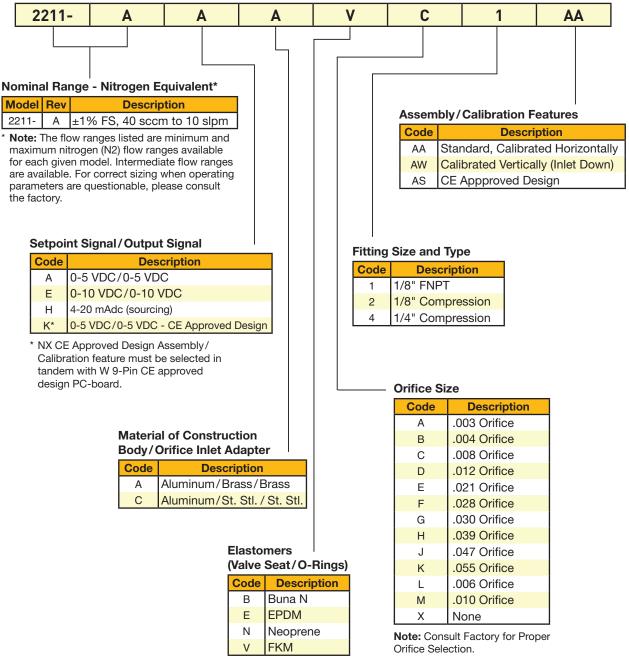
Key Things to Remember:

- Standard Flow Sizing Specifications
 - 1. Gas Type
 - 2. Flow Rate
 - 3. Inlet Pressure
 - 4. Outlet Pressure
- 5. Operating Temperature
- 6. Standard Calibration Condition*
- 7. Connection Fitting Size and Type
- 8. Set point/Output signal
- CM-400 4-channel Power Supply/Control
- Power Cables
- PN: C-700-002, Interface cable with flying leads on one end
- PN: C-1666-010, CABLE ASSY, MFC, CM-400
- * Default standard calibration conditions = 21.1C and 14.7 PSIA. Consult Applications for support to specify other common calibration standards such as: 0C, 20C, 25C.



Ordering Information

Model Number Example:



NOTE: In order to provide the best possible solution for your application, please provide the following requirements when contacting Applications Engineering:

- Media, Inlet & Outlet Pressures
- Minimum Required Flow Rate.

For more detailed information, visit us on the web or call Applications Engineering.

Parker Hannifin Precision Fluidics Division reserves the right to make changes. Drawings are for reference only.



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Portfolio Review

Customization

Contact Division Applications at (603) 595 1500 or ppfinfo@parker.com.

Model 111





Model 113



Model 114





Туре	Model	Min. Flow (sccm)	Min. Flow (slpm)	Max. Flow ¹ (slpm)	Max. Pressure ² (psig)	Min. Delta ³ (psig)
	111	5	—	10	1500	2
Analog	112	_	10	100	1500	2
Flow	113	—	100	500	1000	2
Meters	114	_	500	1000	1000	2
	2211	40	_	10	200	2

¹ The maximum full scale flow rate available.

² The maximum operating inlet pressure available.

³ The minimum required pressure differential for maximum full scale

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Traditional Analog Flow Control



Parker Series 200 Thermal Mass Flow Controllers provide reliable analog flow measurements configured for your process conditions. Each controller offers a linear flow signal output proportional to a calibrated flow rate and is available with a D-connector.

The Series 200 Thermal Mass Flow Controllers include the following models: 201 202 202A 203A 204A 251 261

Typical Applications

- Bioreactor Gas Management
- Burner Ratio Control for Ceramics and Metals
- Environmental Analyzers Carrier Gas Control
- Laboratory and Process Gas Chromatography
- Environmental and Emissions Monitoring

Features

- Fast response to setpoint changes
- Stable Zero Control Preventing Gas Flow Overshoot
- Soft recovery valve override preventing process system damage
- Normally closed control valve for safe operation
- Cleaned for Analytical Service Use_
- 🔹 RoHS and REACH compliant 🗸



Product Specifications

Physical Properties

Sensor Technology: Thermal Sensor, Bypass Method

Media:

Air, Nitrogen, Helium, Argon, Hydrogen, Oxygen, Krypton, Neon, Xenon and other non-corrosive primary and blended gases

Width: See Dimensional Drawing

Length: See Dimensional Drawing

Height: See Dimensional Drawing

Weight:

1.2 lbs (0.54 kg) (typical) See weights provided on each Dimensions page

Porting: 1/8", 1/4", 3/8" compression; 1/4", 3/8" CPI; 1/4", 3/8" A-Lok; 1/4" MMGFS*

*Male Metal Gasket Face Seal

Electrical

Main Voltage: 24 VDC + 10%

Input Control Signal: 0-5 VDC standard

Monitor Output Voltage: 0-5 VDC standard

Max Current Requirement: < 400 mA

Setpoint/Flow Signal I/O: 0-5, 0-10 VDC; 4-20 mA

Wetted Materials

Body: 316 Stainless Steel, Siliconert

Sensor Assembly: 316L Stainless Steel

Orifice: 316 Stainless Steel

Valve Components: 302, 316, 430F Stainless Steel or Sandvik 1802

O-Rings and Valve Seat: Buna-N, FKM, FFKM, Neoprene

Performance Ratings

Ratings:

Max operating pressure: 1,000 psig (69 barg) Max working temperature: 158°F (70°C)

Minimum Pressure Drop: 7 psid (0.48 bard)

Performance Characteristics

Accuracy and Linearity: ±1% Full Scale

Repeatability: Within ±0.2% Full Scale at any constant temperature within operating temperature range

Response Time: 1-2 sec

Rangeability: 50:1 (2-100% Full Scale)

Temperature Coefficient: ±0.05% Full Scale / °C of zero; ±0.05% of reading / °C of span

Warm-Up Time: 10 minutes

Flow Control Range: 0.5 sccm to 0-1000 slpm (nitrogen equivalent)

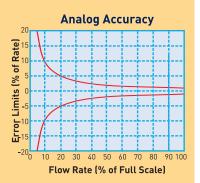
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Principle of Operation

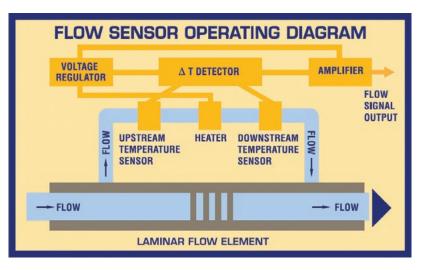
Accuracy

Parker mass flow meters and controllers offer standard ±1.0% and ±2.0% full scale accuracy of calibrated span referenced to nitrogen at 21.1°C and 14.7 PSIA. Gas correction factors may be used to determine the equivalent flow rate of your process gas or, for an additional cost, live gas calibrations at a different reference temperature and pressure are also available.



Parker Series 200 Mass Flow Controllers (MFC) incorporate an operating principle based on the thermodynamic properties of the process gas being measured.

Mass flow measurement relates to the amount of heat absorbed by the process gas. The amount of heat the gas absorbs is determined by the gas molecular structure. Specific heat, the amount of heat required to raise the temperature of one gram of a given gas one degree centigrade quantitatively describes this "thermal absorbency".



Mass flow measurement consists of a bypass sensing tube with a heater wound around the center of the sensing tube and precision resistance type temperature sensors located equidistant upstream and downstream of the heater. A laminar flow element package, located in the main flow stream, acts as an appropriate restriction creating a pressure drop forcing a fixed percentage of the total flow, approximately 10 sccm, through the bypass sensing tube for temperature differential detection. As gas flows through the sensing tube, heat is displaced to the downstream temperature sensor creating a temperature differential between the upstream and downstream temperature sensors. The upstream and downstream temperature sensors form two legs of a bridge network at the sensor assembly inputs to the PCB. The resulting temperature differential is amplified on the PCB assembly to a 0-5 VDC output signal directly proportional to the gas mass flow rate. To ensure an accurate flow measurement, flow disturbances must be eliminated or greatly reduced. Accordingly, both the sensor tube and the laminar flow element package are designed for laminar flow. Actual gas or gas factors are used in calibration to account for the specific heat of the measured gas.

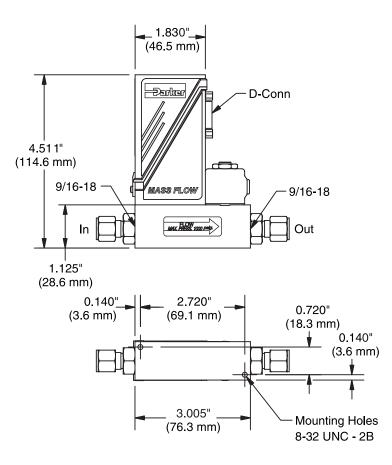


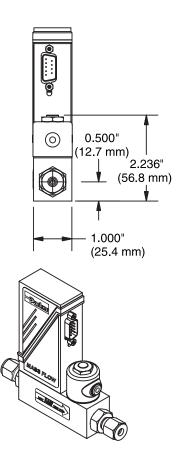
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Mechanical Integration Dimensions

Basic Dimensions Model 201







Μ	lodel	201
w	eight	3.1 lbs (1.4 kg)

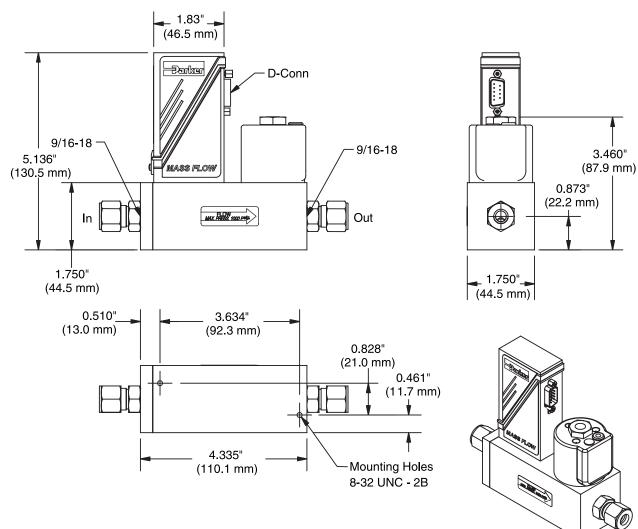
Units			
In	(mm)		



Mechanical Integration Dimensions

Basic Dimensions Models 202





Units		
In (mm)		

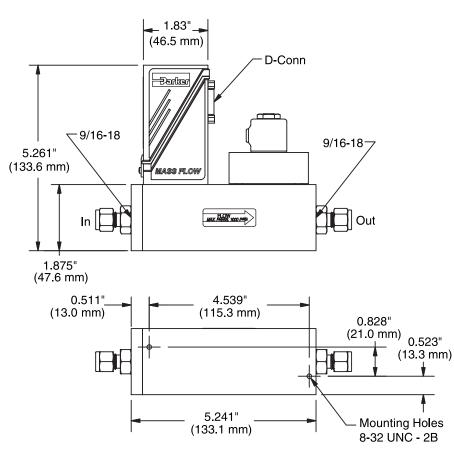
Model	202
Weight	4.6 lbs (2.1 kg)

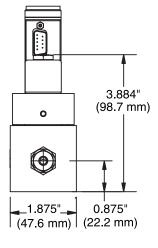


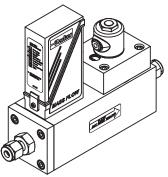
Mechanical Integration Dimensions

Basic Dimensions Models 202A









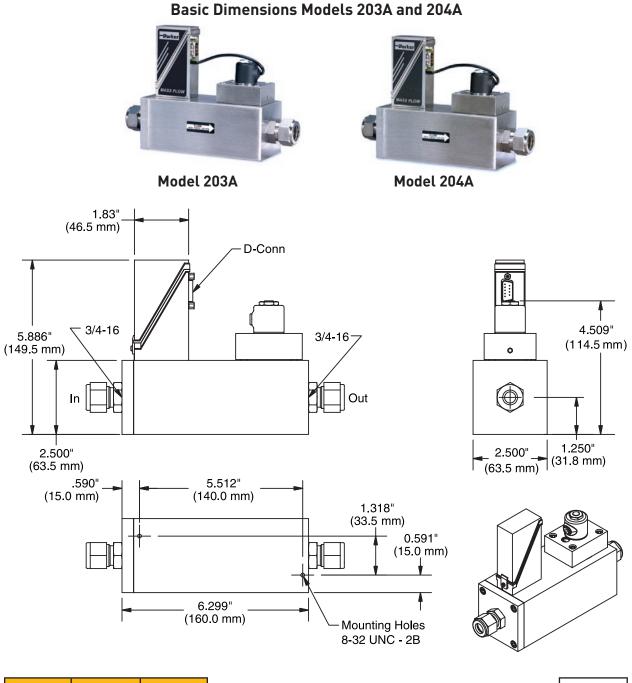
Model	202A
Weight	5.8 lbs
	(2.6 kg)

Units		
In (mm)		



Mechanical Integration

Dimensions



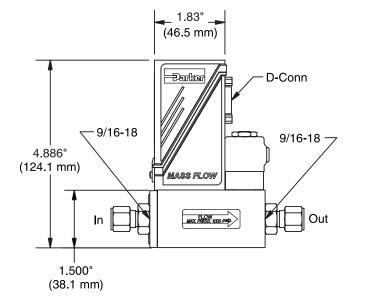
Units		
In (mm)		

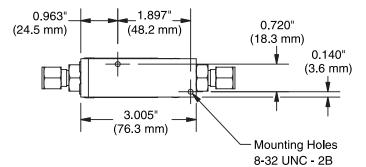
Model	203A	204A
Weight	10.9 lbs (4.9 kg)	10.9 lbs (4.9 kg)

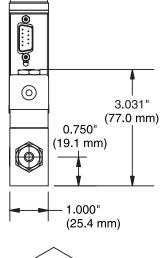
Mechanical Integration Dimensions

Basic Dimensions Model 251











Model	251
Weight	1.4 lbs (0.6 kg)



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D-Conn

1.835" (46.6 mm)

1.530" (38.9 mm)

Out

1.500"

(38.1 mm)

0.750"

(19.1 mm)

Series 200 Thermal Mass Flow Controllers

Mechanical Integration Dimensions

🗕 1.83" _ (46.5 mm)

-Darkar

Mass Flow

4.511" (114.6 mm)

> 1.125" (28.6 mm)

1.31"

0.720"

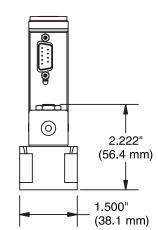
In -

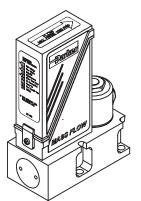
(33.4 mm)

(18.3 mm)

Basic Dimensions Model 261



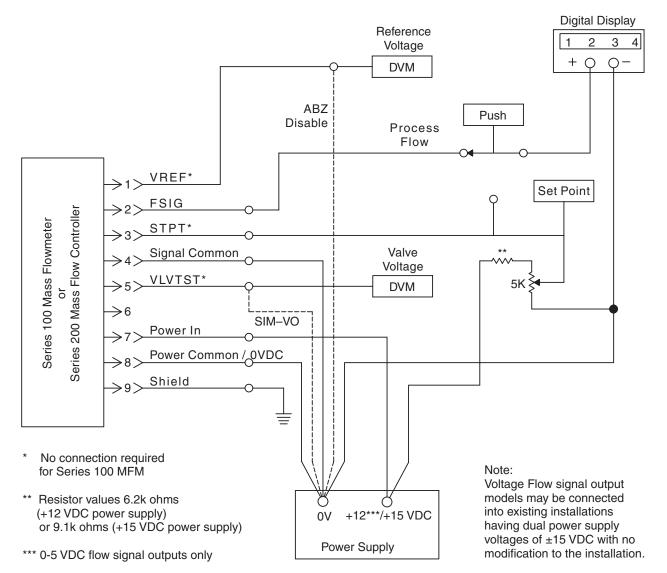




Model	261
Weight	3.4 lbs (1.5 kg)



Electrical Integration and Recommendation

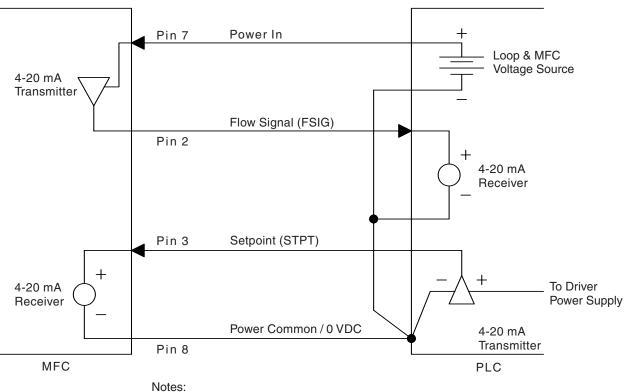


Parker-Supplied Cable Assembly Color Codes			
Signal	Connector Pin		
Signal	No.	Insulation Color	
Voltage Reference	1	Brown	
Flow Signal	2	Red	
Setpoint	3	Yellow	
Signal Common	4	Green	
Valve Test	5	Blue	
Open	6	Violet or White	
Power In	7	Orange	
Power Common /0 VDC	8	Black	
Shield (Drain Wire)	9	Shield (Drain Wire)	

Note: Cable color codes are for reference only and are subject to change without notice

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Electrical Integration and Recommendation

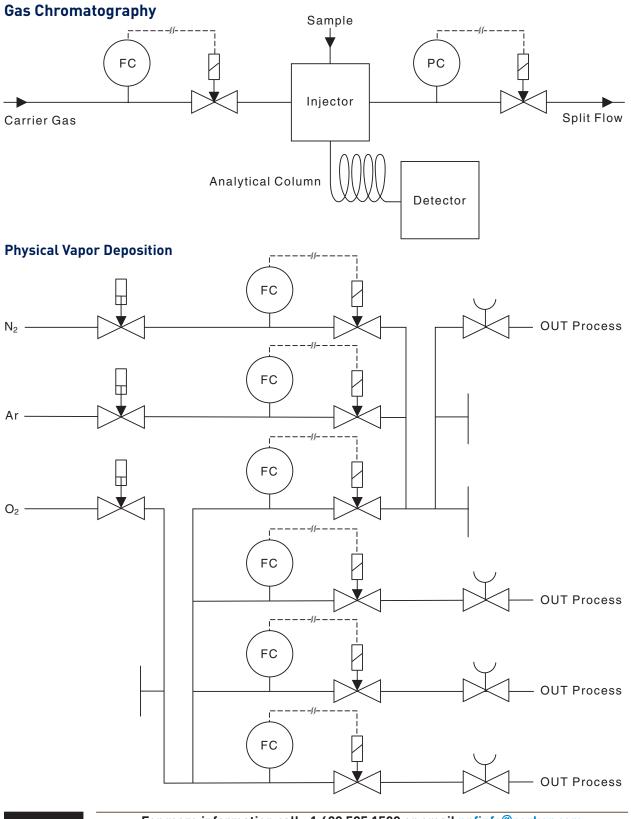


- NOLES:
- 1. Setpoint: 4-20 mA
- 2. For input/output designations (i.e., iondividual pin functions) fo pin numbers not shown, refer to electrical integration drawing on previous page.

Parker-Supplied Cable Assembly Color Codes			
Signal	Connector Pin		
Signal	No.	Insulation Color	
Voltage Reference	1	Brown	
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Setpoint	3	Yellow	
Signal Common	4	Green	
Valve Test	5	Blue	
Open	6	Violet or White	
Power In	7	Orange	
Power Common /0 VDC	8	Black	
Shield (Drain Wire)	9	Shield (Drain Wire)	

Note: Cable color codes are for reference only and are subject to change without notice

Typical Flow Diagram

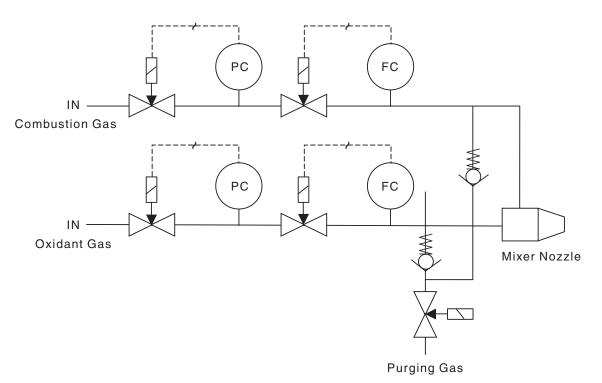




For more information call +1 603 595 1500 or email ppfinfo@parker.com Visit www.porterinstrument.com

Typical Flow Diagram

Burn Ratio Control



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Installation Guide

- Clean dry area with adequate space
- Indoor use only
- Follow process connection manufacturer guidelines and leak check all connections
- Purge all gas lines with nitrogen before installation
- Remove all loose particulate or debris from system

Key Things to Remember:

- Standard Flow Sizing Specifications
 - 1. Gas Type
 - 2. Flow Rate
 - 3. Inlet Pressure
 - 4. Outlet Pressure
- 5. Operating Temperature
- 6. Standard Calibration Condition*
- 7. Connection Fitting Size and Type
- 8. Set point/Output signal
- CM-400 4-channel Power Supply/Control
- Power Cables
- PN: C-700-002, Interface cable with flying leads on one end
- PN: C-1666-010, CABLE ASSY, MFC, CM-400
- * Default standard calibration conditions = 21.1C and 14.7 PSIA. Consult Applications for support to specify other common calibration standards such as: 0C, 20C, 25C.

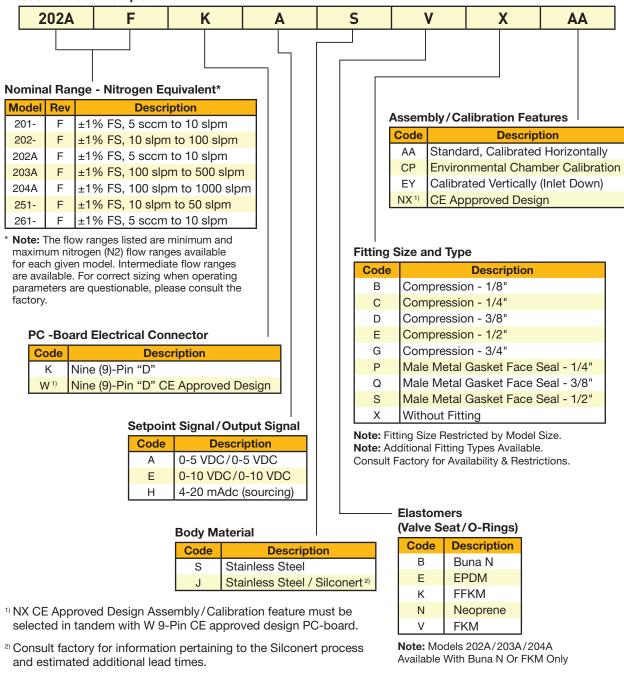


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Series 200 Thermal Mass Flow Controllers

Ordering Information

Model Number Example:



NOTE: In order to provide the best possible solution for your application, please provide the following requirements when contacting Applications Engineering:

- Media, Inlet & Outlet Pressures
- Minimum Required Flow Rate.
- For more detailed information, visit us on the web or call Applications Engineering.

Parker Hannifin Precision Fluidics Division reserves the right to make changes. Drawings are for reference only.



Traditional Analog Flow Control



Parker Model 2201 Thermal Mass Flow Controllers provide reliable analog flow measurements configured for your process conditions. Choose Model 2201 when you need performance at an economical price.

Typical Applications

- Bioractor Gas Management
- Burner Ratio Control for Ceramics and Metals
- Environmental Analyzers Carrier Gas Control
- Laboratory and Process Gas Chromatography
- Environmental and Emissions Monitoring

Features

- Stable Zero Control Preventing Gas Flow Overshoot
- Soft recovery valve override preventing process system damage
- Normally closed control valve for safe operation
- Cleaned for Analytical Service Use



Product Specifications

Physical Properties

Sensor Technology: Thermal Sensor, Bypass Method

Media:

Air, Nitrogen, Helium, Argon, Hydrogen, Oxygen, Krypton, Neon, Xenon and other non-corrosive primary and blended gases

Width: See Dimensional Drawing

Length: See Dimensional Drawing

Height: See Dimensional Drawing

Weight: 1.2 lbs (0.54 kg) (typical) See weights provided on each Dimensions page

Porting: 1/8", 1/4", 3/8" compression; 1/4", 3/8" CPI; 1/4", 3/8" A-Lok; 1/4" MMGFS*

*Male Metal Gasket Face Seal

Electrical

Main Voltage: 24 VDC + 10% Input Control Signal: 0-5 VDC standard

Monitor Output Voltage: 0-5 VDC standard

Max Current Requirement: < 400 mA

Setpoint/Flow Signal I/O: 0-5, 0-10 VDC; 4-20 mA

Wetted Materials

Body: Aluminum

Sensor Assembly: C36000 Brass (standard) 316 Stainless Steel (optional)

Orifice: C36000 Brass (standard) 316 Stainless Steel (optional)

Valve Components: 302, 316, 430F Stainless Steel or Sandvik 1802

O-Rings and Valve Seat: Buna-N, FKM, FKKM, Neoprene

Performance Ratings

Ratings:

Max operating pressure: 1,000 psig (69 barg) Max working temperature: 158°F (70°C)

Minimum Pressure Drop: 7 psid (0.48 bard)

Performance Characteristics

Accuracy and Linearity: ±2% Full Scale

Repeatability: Within ±0.2% Full Scale at any constant temperature within operating temperature range

Response Time: 1-2 sec

Rangeability: 50:1 (2-100% Full Scale)

Temperature Coefficient: ±0.05% Full Scale / °C of zero; ±0.05% of reading / °C of span

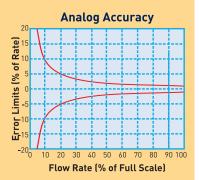
Warm-Up Time: 10 minutes

Flow Control Range: 0.5 sccm to 0-1000 slpm (nitrogen equivalent)

Principle of Operation

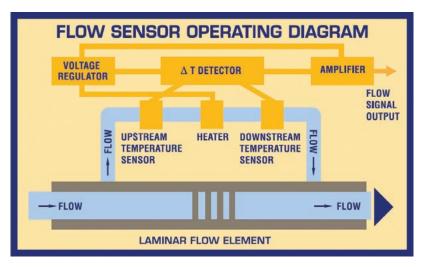
Accuracy

Parker mass flow meters and controllers offer standard ±1.0% and ±2.0% full scale accuracy of calibrated span referenced to nitrogen at 21.1°C and 14.7 PSIA. Gas correction factors may be used to determine the equivalent flow rate of your process gas or, for an additional cost, live gas calibrations at a different reference temperature and pressure are also available.



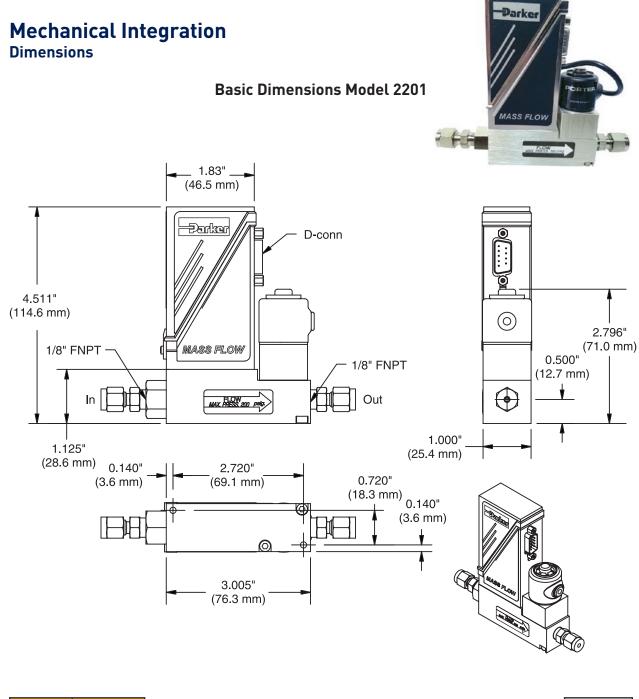
Parker Series 2200 Mass Flow Controllers (MFC) incorporate an operating principle based on the thermodynamic properties of the process gas being measured.

Mass flow measurement relates to the amount of heat absorbed by the process gas. The amount of heat the gas absorbs is determined by the gas molecular structure. Specific heat, the amount of heat required to raise the temperature of one gram of a given gas one degree centigrade quantitatively describes this "thermal absorbency".



Mass flow measurement consists of a bypass sensing tube with a heater wound around the center of the sensing tube and precision resistance type temperature sensors located equidistant upstream and downstream of the heater. A laminar flow element package, located in the main flow stream, acts as an appropriate restriction creating a pressure drop forcing a fixed percentage of the total flow, approximately 10 sccm, through the bypass sensing tube for temperature differential detection. As gas flows through the sensing tube, heat is displaced to the downstream temperature sensor creating a temperature differential between the upstream and downstream temperature sensors. The upstream and downstream temperature sensors form two legs of a bridge network at the sensor assembly inputs to the PCB. The resulting temperature differential is amplified on the PCB assembly to a 0-5 VDC output signal directly proportional to the gas mass flow rate. To ensure an accurate flow measurement, flow disturbances must be eliminated or greatly reduced. Accordingly, both the sensor tube and the laminar flow element package are designed for laminar flow. Actual gas or gas factors are used in calibration to account for the specific heat of the measured gas.

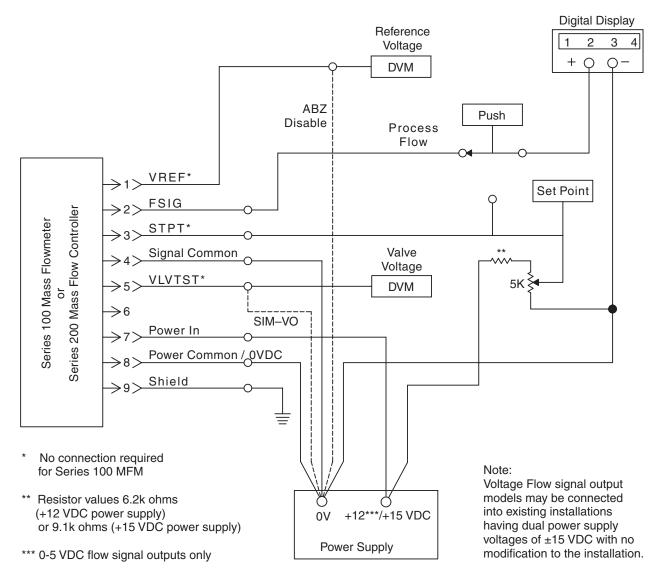




Model	2201
Weight	4.0 lbs (1.8 kg)

Units In (mm)

Electrical Integration and Recommendation



Parker-Supplied Cable Assembly Color Codes					
Signal	Connector Pin				
Signal	No.	Insulation Color			
Voltage Reference	1	Brown			
Flow Signal	2	Red			
Setpoint	3	Yellow			
Signal Common	4	Green			
Valve Test	5	Blue			
Open	6	Violet or White			
Power In	7	Orange			
Power Common /0 VDC	8	Black			
Shield (Drain Wire)	9	Shield (Drain Wire)			

Note: Cable color codes are for reference only and are subject to change without notice

Pin 7 Power In Loop & MFC Voltage Source 4-20 mA Transmitter Flow Signal (FSIG) Pin 2 4-20 mA Receiver Pin 3 Setpoint (STPT) +4-20 mA To Driver Receiver Power Supply Power Common / 0 VDC 4-20 mA Transmitter Pin 8 MFC PLC

Electrical Integration and Recommendation

Notes: 1 Setpoint: 4-20 m/

1. Setpoint: 4-20 mA

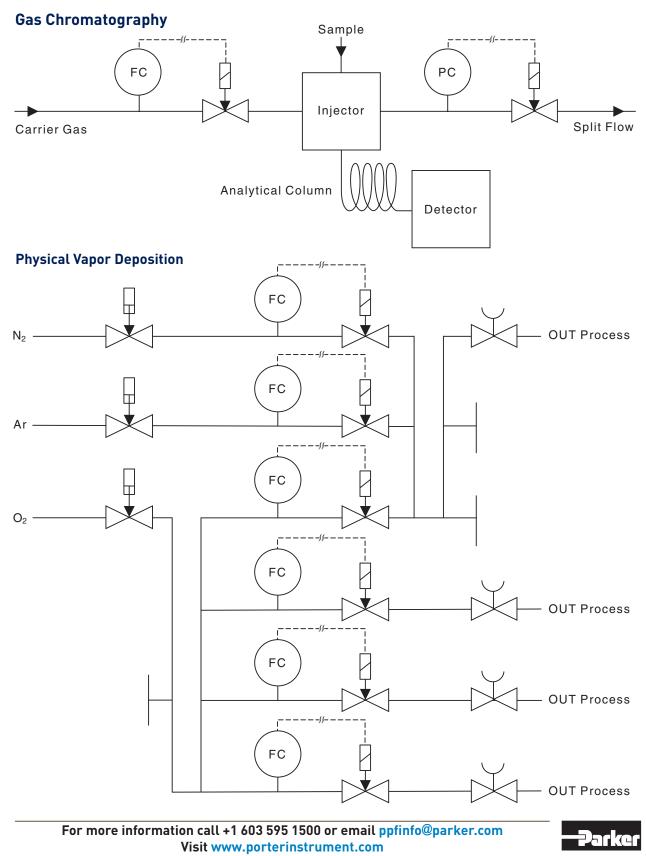
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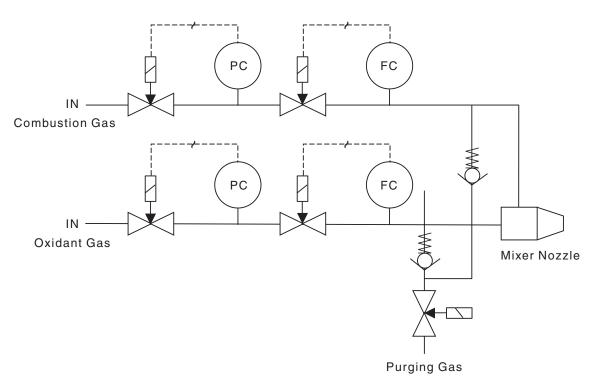


Typical Flow Diagram



Typical Flow Diagram

Burn Ratio Control





Installation Guide

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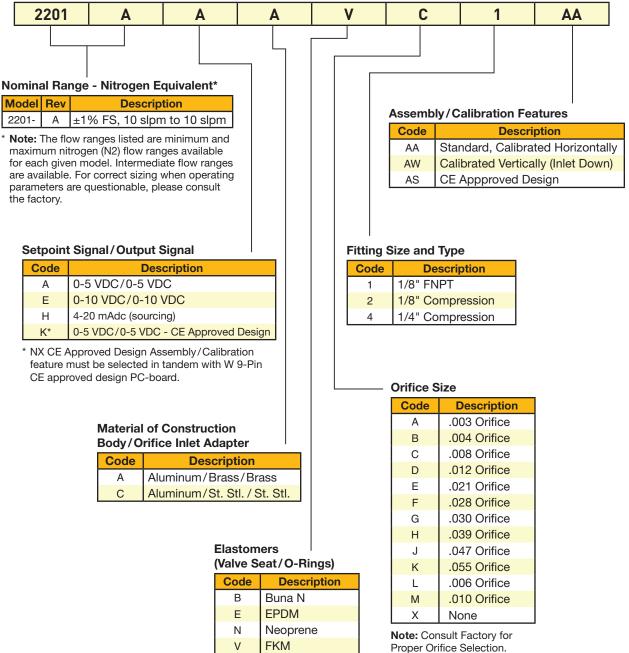
Key Things to Remember:

- Standard Flow Sizing Specifications
 - 1. Gas Type
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Ordering Information

Model Number Example:



NOTE: In order to provide the best possible solution for your application, please provide the following requirements when contacting Applications Engineering:

- Media, Inlet & Outlet Pressures
- Minimum Required Flow Rate.

For more detailed information, visit us on the web or call Applications Engineering.

Parker Hannifin Precision Fluidics Division reserves the right to make changes. Drawings are for reference only.



Portfolio Review

Customization

Contact Division Applications at (603) 595 1500 or ppfinfo@parker.com.

Model 201









Туре	Model	Min. Flow (sccm)	Min. Flow (slpm)	Max. Flow ¹ (slpm)	Max. Pressure ² (psig)	Min. Delta ³ (psig)
	201	5	—	10	1000	7
Analog	202	—	10	100	1000	60
Flow	202A	5	_	10	200	10
Meters	203A	_	100	500	200	40
	204A	_	500	1000	200	80

Portfolio is continued on the following page.

¹ The maximum full scale flow rate available.

² The maximum operating inlet pressure available.

³ The minimum required pressure differential for maximum full scale.

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Portfolio Review

Customization

Contact Division Applications at (603) 595 1500 or ppfinfo@parker.com.

Model 251







Model 2201



Туре	Model	Min. Flow (sccm)	Min. Flow (slpm)	Max. Flow ¹ (slpm)	Max. Pressure ² (psig)	Min. Delta ³ (psig)
Analog	251	—	10	50	1000	35
Flow	261	5	_	10	1000	7
Meters	2201	10	_	10	200	7

¹ The maximum full scale flow rate available.

² The maximum operating inlet pressure available.
³ The minimum required pressure differential for maximum full scale.

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Parker Hannifin Corporation **Precision Fluidics Division** 26 Clinton Dr., Unit 103 Hollis, NH 03049 phone 603 595 1500 fax 603 595 8080 www.parker.com PPF TMFMC-A - 002 March 2018 Thermal Mass Flow Meters and Controllers (Analog)